Elleste DuetTM 1 mg Tablets 1 mg + 1 mg/1 mg film-coated tablets

(estradiol + estradiol/norethisterone acetate) and

Elleste DuetTM 2 mg Tablets 2 mg + 2 mg/1 mg film-coated tablets

(estradiol + estradiol/norethisterone acetate)

Read all of this leaflet carefully before you start taking this medicine because it contains important information for you.

- Keep this leaflet. You may need to read it again.
- If you have any further questions, please ask your doctor or pharmacist.
- This medicine has been prescribed for you only. Do not pass it on to others. It may harm them, even if their signs of illness are the same as yours.
- If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor or pharmacist. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet. See section 4.

What is in this leaflet:

- 1. What Elleste Duet is and what it is used for
- 2. What you need to know before you take Elleste Duet
- 3. How to take Elleste Duet
- 4. Possible side effects
- 5. How to store Elleste Duet
- 6. Contents of the pack and other information

WHAT ELLESTE DUET IS AND WHAT IT IS USED FOR

Elleste Duet is a Hormone Replacement Therapy (HRT). It contains two types of female hormones, an oestrogen (estradiol hemihydrate) and a progestogen (norethisterone acetate).

Elleste Duet is used for:

Relief of symptoms occurring after menopause

During the menopause, the amount of the oestrogen produced by a woman's body drops. This can cause symptoms such as hot face, neck and chest ("hot flushes"). Elleste Duet alleviates these symptoms after menopause. You will only be prescribed Elleste Duet if your symptoms seriously hinder your daily life.

Prevention of osteoporosis

After the menopause some women may develop fragile bones (osteoporosis). You should discuss all available options with your doctor. If you are at an increased risk of fractures due to

osteoporosis and other medicines are not suitable for you, you can use Elleste Duet 2 mg to prevent osteoporosis after menopause. 2. WHAT YOU NEED TO KNOW BEFORE

YOU TAKE ELLESTE DUET

examination. This may include an examination of your breasts and/or an internal examination, if necessary. Once you have started on Elleste Duet you should see your doctor for regular check-ups (at least once

a year). At these check-ups, discuss with your doctor the benefits and risks of continuing with Elleste Duet. Go for regular breast screening, as recommended by your doctor. Do not take Elleste Duet

if any of the following applies to you. If you are not sure about any of the points below, talk to your

doctor before taking Elleste Duet. Do not take Elleste Duet • If you have or have ever had breast cancer, or if you are suspected of having it

- If you have cancer which is sensitive to oestrogens, such as cancer of the womb lining (endometrium), or if you are suspected of having it · If you have any unexplained vaginal bleeding
- If you have or have ever had a blood clot in a vein (thrombosis), such as in the legs (deep venous thrombosis) or the lungs (pulmonary embolism)
- If you have a **blood clotting disorder** (such as protein C, protein S, or antithrombin deficiency) If you have or recently have had a disease caused
 - attack, stroke or angina
- your liver function tests have not returned to normal
- If you have a rare blood problem called "porphyria" which is passed down in families (inherited) · If you are allergic to estradiol hemihydrate or norethisterone acetate or any of the other
- ingredients of this medicine (listed in section 6) If any of the above conditions appear for the first
- and consult your doctor immediately.

Tell your doctor if you have ever had any of the following problems, before you start the treatment, as these may return or become worse during

 fibroids inside your womb • growth of womb lining outside your womb of the womb lining (endometrial hyperplasia)

- · increased risk of developing blood clots (see "Blood clots in a vein (thrombosis)") increased risk of getting an oestrogen-sensitive
- high blood pressure • a liver disorder, such as a benign liver tumour
- gallstones
- a disease of the immune system that affects many organs of the body (systemic lupus erythematosus,
- SLE) epilepsy
- · asthma
- a very high level of fat in your blood (triglycerides)

Stop taking Elleste Duet and see a doctor immediately

If you notice any of the following when taking HRT:

• any of the conditions mentioned in the 'DO NOT

• yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes (jaundice). These may be signs of a liver disease

- If you have excessive thickening of the womb **lining** (endometrial hyperplasia) that is not being
 - by blood clots in the arteries, such as a heart
 - If you have or have ever had a liver disease and

 - time while taking Elleste Duet, stop taking it at once When to take special care with Elleste Duet

treatment with Elleste Duet. If so, you should see your doctor more often for check-ups:

(endometriosis) or a history of excessive growth

- cancer (such as having a mother, sister or grandmother who has had breast cancer)
- · diabetes
- migraine or severe headaches
- a disease affecting the eardrum and hearing
- · fluid retention due to cardiac or kidney problems
- take Elleste Duet' section

- · a large rise in your blood pressure (symptoms may be headache, tiredness, dizziness)
- migraine-like headaches which happen for the first
- if you become pregnant
- if you notice signs of a blood clot, such as:
- · painful swelling and redness of the legs
- · sudden chest pain
- difficulty in breathing

For more information, see 'Blood clots in a vein (thrombosis)'

Note: Elleste Duet is not a contraceptive. If it is less than 12 months since your last menstrual period or you are under 50 years old, you may still need to use additional contraception to prevent pregnancy. Speak to your doctor for advice.

HRT and cancer

Excessive thickening of the lining of the womb (endometrial hyperplasia) and cancer of the lining of the womb (endometrial cancer)

Taking oestrogen-only HRT will increase the risk of excessive thickening of the lining of the womb (endometrial hyperplasia) and cancer of the womb lining (endometrial cancer).

The progestogen in Elleste Duet protects you from this extra risk. **Unexpected bleeding**

You will have a bleed once a month (so-called

withdrawal bleed) while taking Elleste Duet. But, if you have unexpected bleeding or drops of blood (spotting) besides your monthly bleeding, which: • carries on for more than the first 6 months

- starts after you have been taking Elleste Duet more than 6 months
- carries on after you have stopped taking Elleste

see your doctor as soon as possible Breast cancer

Evidence suggests that taking combined oestrogenprogestogen and possibly also oestrogen-only HRT increases the risk of breast cancer. The extra risk depends on how long you take HRT. The additional risk becomes clear within a few years. However, it returns to normal within a few years (at most 5) after stopping treatment.

Women aged 50 to 79 who are not taking HRT, on average, 9 to 17 in 1000 will be diagnosed with breast cancer over a 5-year period. For women aged 50 to 79 who are taking oestrogen-progestogen HRT over 5 years, there will be 13 to 23 cases in 1000 users (i.e. an extra 4 to 6 cases).

Regularly check your breasts. See your doctor if you notice any changes such as: · dimpling of the skin

- · changes in the nipple

cancer. The use of oestrogen-only or combined oestrogen-progestagen HRT has been associated with a slightly increased risk of ovarian cancer. The risk of ovarian cancer varies with age. For

example, in women aged 50 to 54 who are not taking HRT, about 2 women in 2000 will be diagnosed with ovarian cancer over a 5-year period. For women who have been taking HRT for 5 years, there will be about 3 cases per 2000 users (i.e. about 1 extra case). Effect of HRT on heart and circulation

Blood clots can be serious, and if one travels to the lungs, it can cause chest pain, breathlessness, fainting or even death. You are more likely to get a blood clot in your veins

applies to you: • you are unable to walk for a long time because of major surgery, injury or illness (see also section 3,

to you. Inform your doctor if any of these situations

- long-term treatment with a medicine used to
- prevent blood clots • if any of your close relatives has ever had a blood clot in the leg, lung or another organ • you have systemic lupus erythematosus (SLE)

Duet and see a doctor immediately"

1000 would be expected to get a blood clot in a vein. For women in their 50s who have been taking

will be 9 to 12 cases in 1000 users (i.e. an extra 5 cases). Heart disease (heart attack) There is no evidence that HRT will prevent a heart Women over the age of 60 years who use oestrogen-

The risk of getting stroke is about 1.5 times higher in HRT users than in non-users. The number of extra cases of stroke due to use of HRT will increase with age.

heart disease than those not taking any HRT.

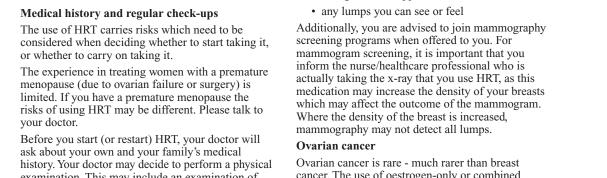
have a stroke over a 5-year period. For women in their 50s who are taking HRT, there will be 11 cases in 1000 users, over 5 years (i.e. an extra 3 cases). Underactive thyroid gland

thyroid hormone levels remain acceptable. Angioedema If you have angioedema (a serious allergic reaction

If you are having medicine for treatment of an

 HRT will not prevent memory loss. There is some evidence of a higher risk of memory loss in women who start using HRT after the age of 65. Speak to your doctor for advice.

Children



Blood clots in a vein (thrombosis) The risk of **blood clots in the veins** is about 1.3 to 3- times higher in HRT users than in non-users, especially during the first year of taking it.

as you get older and if any of the following applies

- If you need to have surgery) • you are seriously overweight (BMI >30 kg/m²) • you have any blood clotting problem that needs
- · you have cancer For signs of a blood clot, see "Stop taking Elleste
- Looking at women in their 50s who are not taking HRT, on average, over a 5-year period, 4 to 7 in

oestrogen-progestogen HRT for over 5 years, there progestogen HRT are slightly more likely to develop

Looking at women in their 50s who are not taking HRT, on average, 8 in 1000 would be expected to

underactive thyroid gland, your doctor will carry out tests while you are taking HRT, to ensure that your

often involving swelling of the face, mouth and throat), oestrogens may make this worse. Other conditions

Do not give this medicine to children.



Other medicines and Elleste Duet

Some medicines may interfere with the effect of Elleste Duet. This might lead to irregular bleeding. This applies to the following medicines:

- Medicines for epilepsy (such as phenobarbital, phenytoin and carbamazepin)
- · Medicines for tuberculosis (such as rifampicin, rifabutin)
- · Medicines for HIV infection (such as nevirapine, efavirenz, ritonavir, telaprevir and nelfinavir)
- Herbal remedies containing St John's Wort (Hypericum perforatum)

Please tell your doctor or pharmacist if you are taking or have recently taken any other medicines including medicines obtained without a prescription, herbal medicines or other natural products.

Laboratory tests

If you need a blood test, tell your doctor or the laboratory staff that you are taking Elleste Duet, because this medicine can affect the results of some

Pregnancy and breast-feeding

Elleste Duet is for use in postmenopausal women only. If you become pregnant, stop taking Elleste Duet and contact your doctor.

Driving and using machines

No effects on driving or using machinery have been observed for Elleste Duet.

Elleste Duet 2 mg contains Sunset yellow colouring which can cause allergic-type reactions, including asthma. This allergy is more common in people who are allergic to aspirin. Elleste Duet contains lactose.

If you have been told by your doctor that you have an intolerance to some sugars, contact your doctor

before taking this medicinal product. 3. HOW TO TAKE ELLESTE DUET

Always take this medicine exactly as your doctor or pharmacist has told you. Check with your doctor or pharmacist if you are not sure. Your doctor will aim to prescribe the lowest possible

dose to treat your symptoms for as short a time as necessary. Speak to your doctor if you think the dose is too strong or not strong enough. The Elleste Duet 1 mg pack contains 16 white

tablets and 12 pale green tablets. You must start with the white tablets.

The Elleste Duet 2 mg pack contains 16 orange

tablets and 12 grey tablets. You must start with the orange tablets.

If you are still having regular periods, start on the

first day of bleeding.

If you are not having regular periods you can start straight away.

- Take one tablet each day. You can take the tablet at a time of the day that suits you but it is best to take it at about the same time each day.
- Swallow the tablets whole, with some water.
- Follow the direction of the arrows on the pack and take a tablet each day until the pack is empty.
- When you finish your first foil strip, start a new strip on the next day. Remember to put a fresh sticker on your new foil strip.

To help you remember to take your tablets, we have included stickers in the pack with the days of the week marked on them. For example, if you are starting the tablets on a Friday, use the sticker which starts with 'Fri'. Stick this at the top of the foil strip on the side where you can see the tablets.

If you are taking • Elleste Duet 1 mg, the first day should be above

- the white tablet which has the start arrow next to it. • Elleste Duet 2 mg, the first day should be above
- the orange tablet which has the start arrow next to it.

Changing from another type of HRT If you are changing from another type of HRT, start

taking Elleste Duet when you finish the pack of HRT you are taking at the moment.

If your doctor gives you instructions on changing from another type of HRT you should follow these instructions. If you have any doubts you should contact your doctor. Will I have periods?

You will probably have a monthly bleed. This may start any time between day 21 of the pack to day 5

of the next pack. This pattern will usually be the same from month to month. Some women may have In the first few months you may get irregular

bleeding. However, if this carries on you should tell your doctor. If you need to have surgery

If you are going to have surgery, tell the surgeon that you are taking Elleste Duet. You may need to

stop taking Elleste Duet about 4 to 6 weeks before the operation to reduce the risk of a blood clot (see section 2, Blood clots in a vein). Ask your doctor when you can start taking Elleste Duet again. If you forget to take Elleste Duet

Take the tablet as soon as you remember, and take the next one at the normal time.

If you have missed your tablet by more than 12 hours, dispose of this tablet safely and take the next

one at the normal time. Do not take a double dose to make up for the forgotten tablet. You may experience some breakthrough bleeding or spotting. If you take more Elleste Duet than you should

There should be no problems, but you may experience breast tenderness, feel sick or actually be

sick, have irregular periods, feel down, feel tired, develop acne or experience an increase in body and facial hair. If you are worried, contact your doctor. Take the usual tablet the following day. If you have any further questions on the use of this medicine, ask your doctor or pharmacist.

Like all medicines, this medicine can cause side effects, although not everybody gets them. The following diseases are reported more often in

4. POSSIBLE SIDE EFFECTS

- women using HRT compared to women not using HRT:
- abnormal growth or cancer of the lining of the
- womb (endometrial hyperplasia or cancer)
- blood clots in the veins of the legs or lungs (venous thromboembolism)
- · heart disease
- stroke

· probable memory loss if HRT is started over the For more information about these side effects, see

section 2. The following side effects have been associated with

Elleste Duet: Frequencies are defined as follows:

Very common: may affect more than 1 in 10 people Common: may affect up to 1 in 10 people Uncommon: may affect up to 1 in 100 people Rare: may affect up to 1 in 1,000 people Very rare: may affect up to 1 in 10,000 people

Not known: frequency cannot be estimated from the available data **Very common:** headache, breast pain, breast

tenderness, painful periods, problems with your menstrual cycle. Common: feeling down, feeling anxious, mood

changes, changes in sex drive, feeling dizzy, difficulty sleeping, feeling sick, bloating, diarrhoea, indigestion, stomach cramps, acne, rashes, itchiness, dry skin, back pain, pain in the extremities, breast enlargement, heavy periods, vaginal discharge, break-through bleeding, spasms (contractions) of the womb, vaginal infection, excessive thickening of the lining of the womb, pain, feeling of weakness, swelling of the ankles, feet or fingers, increase in

Uncommon: migraine, a feeling of dizziness or 'spinning", high blood pressure, varicose veins, being sick, gallstones and gallbladder disease, change in colour of the skin, breast cancer, muscle cramps, increased levels of chemicals in the blood which may indicate disease. Rare: hypersensitivity, tingling or numbness, blood

clot in a vein, inflammation of a vein, muscle weakness, growths in the womb (myoma, cysts, polyps). **Very rare:** increase in body and facial hair,

yellowing of the skin. **Not known:** loss of hair from the scalp.

The following side effects have been reported with other HRTs: · various skin disorders

- discolouration of the skin especially of the face or neck known as "pregnancy patches"
- painful reddish skin nodules (erythema
 - nodosum) rash with target-shaped reddening or sores
- (erythema multiforme) dry eyes
- tear film changes

Reporting of side effects

If you get any side effects, talk to your doctor, pharmacist or nurse. This includes any possible side effects not listed in this leaflet.

You can also report side effects directly via the Yellow Card Scheme at:

www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard

By reporting side effects, you can help provide more information on the safety of this medicine.

5. HOW TO STORE ELLESTE DUET

Keep this medicine out of the sight and reach of children.

Do not store Elleste Duet 1 mg Tablets above 30°C. Do not store Elleste Duet 2 mg Tablets above 25°C. Store in the original package.

Do not use this medicine after the 'expiry date' which is stated on the carton after "EXP". The expiry date refers to the last day of that month. Do not throw away any medicines via wastewater or

household waste. Ask your pharmacist to throw away medicines you no longer use. These measures will help protect the environment.

6. CONTENTS OF THE PACK AND OTHER **INFORMATION**

What Elleste Duet contains

Each strip of Elleste Duet 1 mg Tablets contains the active substances:

- 16 white tablets containing 1 milligram estradiol (as hemihydrate)
- 12 pale green tablets containing 1 milligram norethisterone acetate.

Each strip of Elleste Duet 2 mg Tablets contains the active substances:

- 16 orange tablets containing 2 milligrams estradiol (as hemihydrate).
- 12 grey tablets containing 2 milligrams estradiol (as hemihydrate) and 1 milligram norethisterone

(The estradiol hemihydrate used to make Elleste Duet does not come from animals).

The tablets also contain: lactose monohydrate, maize starch, povidone, talc, magnesium stearate, macrogol 400 and hypromellose (E464). • Elleste Duet 1 mg contains the colours indigo

- carmine (E132), quinoline yellow (E104) and titanium dioxide (E171). • Elleste Duet 2 mg contains the colours sunset
- yellow (E110), titanium dioxide (E171) and black iron oxide (E172). (see also the warning at the end of section 2) What Elleste Duet looks like and contents of the

One pack of Elleste Duet 1 mg Tablets contains

white and pale green film-coated tablets with an embossing. One pack of Elleste Duet 2 mg Tablets contains orange and grey film-coated tablets with an

embossing. They are supplied in packs containing blister strips of 28 or 84 tablets.

Not all packs sizes may be marketed. **Marketing Authorisation Holder**

Meda Pharmaceuticals Ltd, Skyway House, Parsonage Road, Takeley, Bishop's Stortford,

CM22 6PU, UK Manufacturer

Piramal Healthcare (UK) Ltd. Whalton Road, Morpeth, Northumberland,

NE61 3YA, This medicinal product is authorised in the Member States of the EEA under the following names:

2 mg Tablets This leaflet was last revised in 02/2016.

Austria Parapanol duo and Parapanol duo mite

Elleste Duet 1 mg Tablets and Elleste Duet